

# Lec13: X-bar Theory

HUL 242

7/3

## Toy grammar

CP  $\rightarrow$  TP (C)

TP  $\rightarrow$  NP VP (T)

NP  $\rightarrow$  (Det) (AdjP+) N (PSP) (NP+)

VP  $\rightarrow$  (NP) (NP<sub>Adj</sub>+) (AdvP) (NP) (AdvP) V (CP)

AdjP  $\rightarrow$  (AdvP) Adj

XP  $\rightarrow$  XP conj XP

# Disambiguate

## English

The hunter [killed [the elephant]] [in his pajamas]

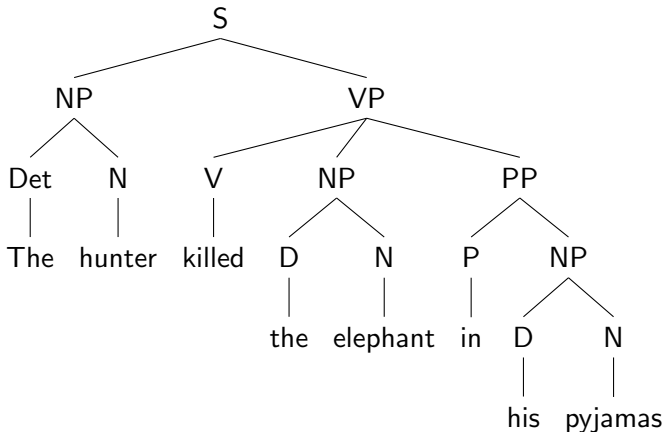
The hunter [killed [the elephant [in his pajamas]]]

# Disambiguate

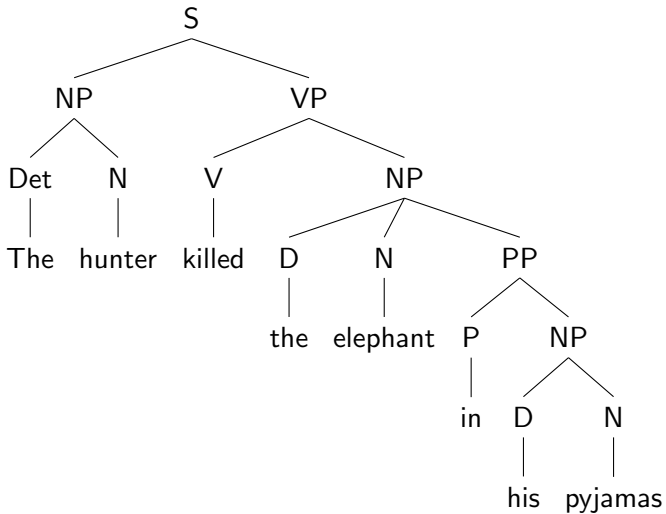
## English

The hunter [killed [the elephant]] [in his pajamas]

The hunter [killed [the elephant [in his pajamas]]]



## Disambiguate



NP  $\rightarrow$  (Det) (AdjP+) N (PSP) (NP+)

VP  $\rightarrow$  (NP) (NP<sub>Adj+</sub>) (AdvP) (NP) (AdvP) V (CP)

### Parallel structures

1. pulis ne aaropi ko talaashaa
2. pulis ko aaropi ki talaash

Each of these phrases generated by different rules  
Different rules, but same meaning ?

## Structural similarity

It is possible that the noun version is derived from the verbal one-  
Nominalize *talaash* and add *-ko* to the subject

Parallelism could also be captured structurally

[[pulis ne] [[aaropi ko] talaasha]]

[[pulis ko] [[aaropi ki] talaash]]

## Parallels across syntactic categories

The soldiers destroyed the city

The soldiers' destruction of the city

### Commonality in these rules

NP  $\rightarrow$  (Det) (AdjP+) (NP+) N (PSP)

VP  $\rightarrow$  (NP) (NP Adj) (AdvP) (NP) (AdvP) V (CP)



## Parallels across syntactic categories

The soldiers destroyed the city

The soldiers' destruction of the city

### Commonality in these rules

NP  $\rightarrow$  (Det) (AdjP+) (NP+) N (PSP)

VP  $\rightarrow$  (NP) (NP Adj) (AdvP) (NP) (AdvP) V (CP)

Each has a head N or V (terminal) that is compulsory

Each has several optional non-terminals

## Bar nodes

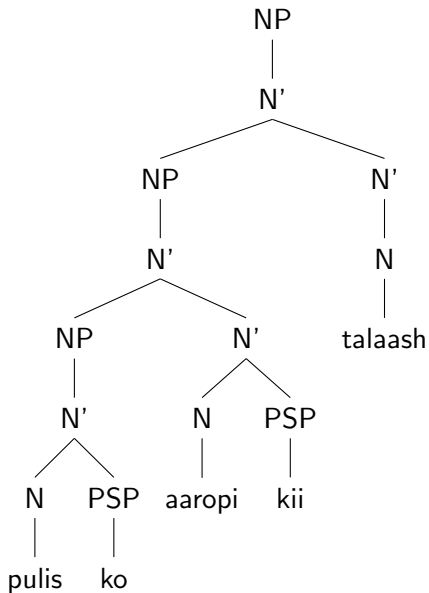
Collapse all the optional non-terminals into an intermediate non-terminal:  $N'$  or  $\bar{N}$

$NP \rightarrow (\text{Det}) N'$

$N' \rightarrow (\text{AdjP}) N'$

$N' \rightarrow N (\text{PSP})$

## Bar nodes



## Bar nodes

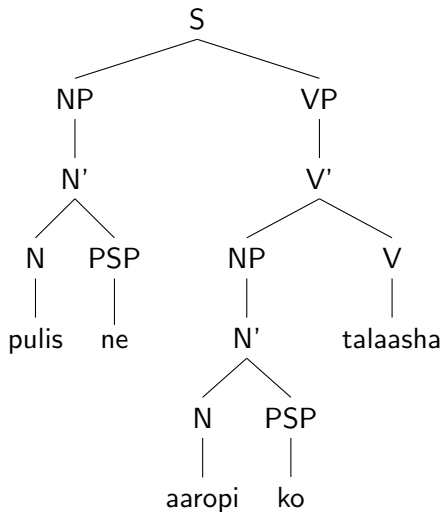
$VP \rightarrow V'$

$V' \rightarrow (NP) V$

$V' \rightarrow (NP_{Adj}) V'$

$V' \rightarrow (AdvP) V' (AdvP)$

$V' \rightarrow V' (CP)$



### Notation

'Bar' implies the intermediate category

N' sometimes written as  $\bar{N}$

The NP is also sometimes written as N''

N'' or  $\bar{\bar{N}}$  = phrase level (maximal category)

N' or  $\bar{N}$  = intermediate level

N = word level (head)

## Evidence for more structure

- ① maine neeli cover ki chemistry ki kitaab khariidii, laal cover ki \_\_\_ nahi.
- ② maine neeli cover ki chemistry ki kitaab khariidii, physics ki \_\_\_ nahi.
- ③ maine neeli cover ki chemistry ki kitaab khariidii, laal cover ki physics ki \_\_\_ nahi.
- ④ \*maine neeli cover ki chemistry ki kitaab khariidii, laal cover ki physics \_\_\_ nahi.

Is the missing element an N' ? Can the missing element be a N ?

## Evidence for more structure

Is the missing element an N' ? Can the missing element be a N ?

- 1 maine [[niile cover ki] [[chemistry ki] [kitaab]]] khariidii, laal cover ki \_\_\_ nahi. (N', N)
- 2 maine niile cover ki chemistry ki kitaab khariidii, physics ki \_\_\_ nahi. (N', N)
- 3 maine niile cover ki chemistry ki kitaab khariidii, laal cover ki physics ki \_\_\_ nahi. (N)
- 4 \*maine niile cover ki chemistry ki kitaab khariidii, laal cover ki physics \_\_\_ nahi.

## Intermediate levels

The fact that N' levels can be conjoined, shows that 'flat' structures miss something

Intermediate levels are recursive

Binary branching → deep trees



### Rewriting CFG

$NP \rightarrow (\text{Det}) N'$

$N' \rightarrow (\text{AdjP}) N'$

$N' \rightarrow N (\text{PSP})$

$VP \rightarrow V'$

$V' \rightarrow (\text{NP}) V$

$V' \rightarrow (\text{NP}_{\text{Adj}}) V'$

$V' \rightarrow (\text{AdvP}) V' (\text{AdvP})$

$V' \rightarrow V' (\text{CP})$

## Common property?

The phrases have heads and they're mandatory (endocentricity)  
The following rule is not possible:  $*NP \rightarrow V \text{ AdjP}$

All the non-head material is optional  $VP \rightarrow V'$

$V' \rightarrow (NP) V$

$V' \rightarrow (NP_{\text{Adj}}) V'$

$V' \rightarrow (AdvP) V' (AdvP)$

$V' \rightarrow V' (CP)$

## Three types of rules

- One introduces the maximal projection (NP, VP)
- One takes the bar level and repeats it
- One takes an intermediate projection and spells out the head

Use X to stand for all types of heads (V, N, Adj, Adv)

Use variables W, Y, Z for other non-terminals

✓ Take an intermediate projection and spell out the head

$V' \rightarrow (NP) V$

$N' \rightarrow N (PSP)$

X bar rule

$X' \rightarrow X (WP) \text{ or } (WP) X$

✓ Take the bar level and repeat it  
Collapse the recursive N' rules into a single one.

$N' \rightarrow (\text{AdjP}) N'$

$V' \rightarrow (\text{NP}_{\text{Adj}}) V'$

$V' \rightarrow (\text{AdvP}) V' (\text{AdvP})$

$V' \rightarrow V' (\text{CP})$

### X bar rule

$X' \rightarrow (\text{ZP}) X' \text{ or } X' (\text{ZP})$

✓ Introduce the maximal projection (NP, VP)

$NP \rightarrow (\text{Det}) N'$

$VP \rightarrow V'$

X bar rule

$XP \rightarrow (Y) X'$

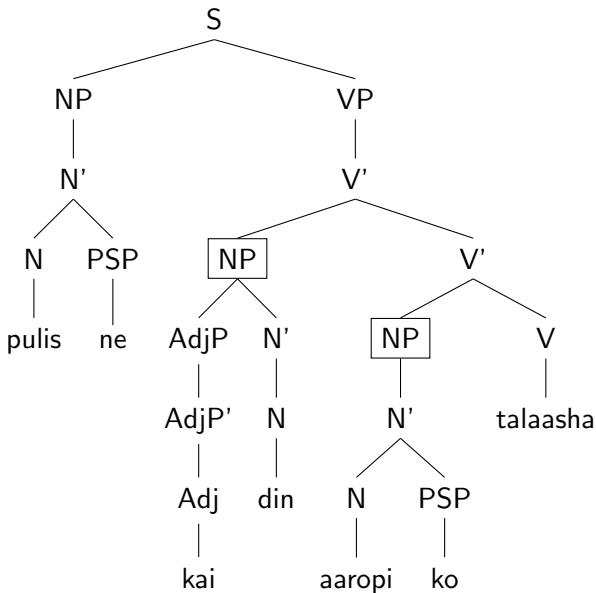
## Cross-categorical X' schema

$XP \rightarrow (Y) X'$

$X' \rightarrow (ZP) X' \text{ or } X' (ZP)$

$X' \rightarrow X (WP) \text{ or } (WP) X$

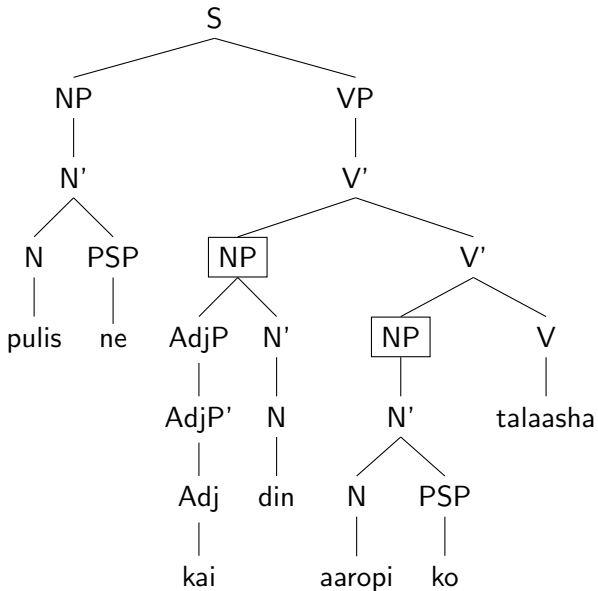
pulis ne kai din aaropi ko talaasha





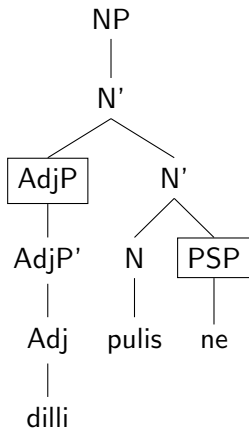
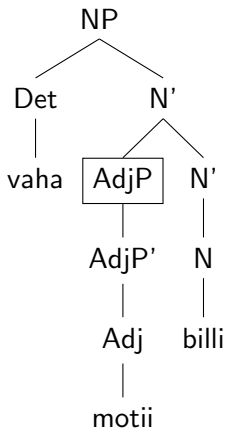
## Structural relations

Sister to a bar level  
are adjuncts  
Sister to a head are  
complements  
(arguments)



## Structural relations

Similar relations may be found among noun phrases



Sister to a bar level:  $X' \rightarrow (ZP) X' \mid X' (ZP)$

Sisters to bar levels are adjuncts

sister to a head:  $X' \rightarrow X (WP)$

Sisters to a head are complements or arguments

Adjuncts capture some optional information

Complements capture mandatory information

However, the relations are now defined **structurally** (not just meaning)

## Exercise

Identify the complement and adjunct

two books of poems with red covers

She hit the policeman several times

I have a fear of cats

I fear cats

## Complements and adjuncts

Complements usually adjacent to the head

I have a fear of cats

\*I have a fear irrational of cats

I have an irrational fear of cats

I have a deep irrational fear of cats

I have an irrational, deep fear of cats

I have an irrational, deep fear of cats from childhood

\*I have a deep fear of cats and from childhood

\*I have a deep, irrational fear and of cats

Structurally, complements are closer to the head, adjuncts are farther away

## Specifier position

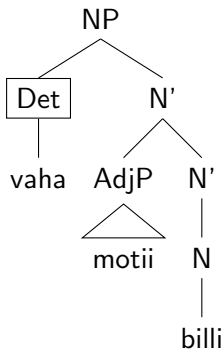
$NP \rightarrow (Det) N'$

$VP \rightarrow V'$

The Specifier rule:  $XP \rightarrow (Y) X'$

Sometimes written as  $XP \rightarrow (YP) X'$

Specifier is a daughter of XP, and sister to X'



## Specifier position

Usually at the top of the structure (and likely the leftmost element)

Cannot reorder specifiers and adjuncts

\*moti vaha billi

Cannot conjoin specifiers and non-specifiers

\*vaha aur moti billi

ek ya do kitabe